

The health and social care costbenefits of housing for older people

A note for Lincolnshire County Council

Introduction

This note outlines the evidence for the health and social care benefits, and specifically costbenefits, of housing for older people, particularly extra care housing. Overall there is reasonably strong evidence to suggest that housing for older people, particularly extra care housing, provide significant cost-benefits to the NHS and local authority adult social care.

- There is reasonably strong evidence that extra care housing residents visit a GP less frequently, most likely due to the support from on-site care staff and the resident community in general.
- There is evidence to suggest that extra care housing residents require **fewer community nurse visits**, for similar reasons as GP visits.
- There is evidence that specialist housing for older people can reduce the number of ambulance callouts, particularly in response to falls at home, due to the property being better designed and adapted to meet the needs of older people and regular contact with staff and other residents.
- There is reasonably strong evidence that the duration of unplanned hospital stays is
 shorter on average for those living in extra care housing. There is also some evidence that
 living in specialist housing for older people reduces the frequency of unplanned
 admissions overall. Communities where homes are accessible, care support is readily
 available and existing care needs are understood influence positively these cost-benefits.
- Extra care housing can be viewed as a **preventative** alternative to residential care for many people.
- Those living in extra care housing are **less likely to enter long-term care**, compared to those living in the community in receipt of home care.
- There is strong evidence that residents of specialist housing for older people have **improved wellbeing and quality of life**, including:
 - Reduced loneliness
 - Improved psychological well-being, mental health and memory
 - Higher feelings of autonomy and security
- Overall, the evidence indicates that one older person living in extra care housing generates health and social care cost-benefits of £2,441 per annum, not including some savings that are difficult to reduce to a per-person figure due to the nature of the evidence.
- In summary, there is a strong argument for providing more specialist housing for older people, particularly extra care housing, on the basis of the significant cost-benefits that it provides to the NHS and local authority adult social care.

Summary: the health and social care cost-benefits of older people's housing

A review of secondary evidence undertaken by the Housing LIN for a private client indicates that there is a growing body of evidence pointing to the potential health and social care cost-benefits provided by older people's housing, and extra care housing in particular. It is reasonable to conclude that the benefits are in summary:

NHS cost-benefits and savings:

- Fewer GP visits.
- Fewer community nurse appointments.
- Fewer ambulance call-outs.
- Fewer and shorter unplanned hospital admissions.

Savings compared to residential care:

- Delayed moves to a residential or nursing care setting.
- Lower overall health costs.

Reduced care needs/reduced growth in care needs:

• Less costly social care packages (especially for those with higher care needs).

Improved outcomes for individuals:

- Increased sense of autonomy and security.
- Fewer falls.
- Reduced loneliness and depression.
- Higher perceived mental health and quality of life.
- Lower death rate in the period following moving in.

From the evidence reviewed, the specific cost-benefits have been calculated. Table 1 shows financial estimates of potential cost-benefits from extra care housing, drawn from a review of available secondary evidence.

Table 1. Cost-benefits/savings from use of extra care housing.

Area of cost-benefit/savings	Cost benefit/saving (per extra care
	housing resident per year)
GP visits	£144.78
Community nurse visits	£362.55
Non-elective admissions to hospital	£624.11
Delayed Transfer of Care 'days'	£465.30
Falls	£380.00
Reduction in the number of hours in	£427.98
domiciliary care packages	
Reduced Ioneliness	£36.30
TOTAL	£2,441.02

This evidence indicates that an older person living in extra care housing generates health and social care cost-benefits of £2,441 per annum.